senting the fifth lobe. The transversely elongate pores, marking the segments, are quite numerous and large. Five large groups of ventral glands, the intervals between them about as great as the diameter of one orifice. Caudolaterals of 21 to 31, cephalolaterals 49 to 58, median 29 to 30. Antennae represented by a curved bristle.

Hab.—On stem of some woody plant from China, just above the ground.

This species looks a little like amygdali, but it is larger and has much paler exuviae; the median lobes are smaller and further apart, and there are numerous differences of detail.

Aspidiotus (Odonaspis) bambusarum, n. sp. — ♀ scale 2 mm. diam., very dark sepia brown, almost black, tolerahly convex, dull; exuviae between the center and the side; first skin exposed, light orange; second large, brown, covered. A well-formed ventral scale.

Q. Hinder parts strongly chitinous, having a strong vellowish brown or umber color after boiling. No lobes. Pygidial area dotted all over with small glands as in inusitatus. Four long club-shaped processes as in inusitatus, but they are equidistant from one another. There is no median depression at the candal extremity, but there is a depression or notch at the second club-shaped process, as in inusitatus. The deep lateral notches of the caudal portion, two on each side, are as in inusitatus, but considerably larger and deeper, with the anterior side more projecting. Anal orifice far from the end, as in inusitatus; it is only just posterior to the median group of ventral glands. Three groups of ventral glands; median of about fifty; laterals pyriform as in secretus, with a very large number of orifices, probably over 150. The sutures between the segments are curiously striated.

Hab.—On stalks of bamboo from Japan, with A. secretus. The scale is rather like A. duplex, and could be mistaken for it. A. bambusarum is a most interesting species,

closely allied to the anomalous A. inusitatus Green, from Ceylon, but in its ventral glands more resembling A. secretus. It appears that Odonaspis should be extended to include all three species, and probably it should take generic rank.

I will take this opportunity to state that Mr. Craw found fifty tea-bushes from Japan to be infested by *Diaspis amygdali* Tryon. They were destroyed. Tea is a new foodplant for *D. amygdali*.

T. D. A. Cockerell.

Messilla Park, N. M., Feb. 12, 1898.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CLUB.

11 February, 1898. The 199th meeting of the Club was held at 156 Brattle St., Mr. S. II. Scudder in the chair.

A letter was read by the secretary from Mr. T. E. Bean, the President-elect for 1898, declining the office. The declination was accepted and a new election ordered for the next meeting.

Mr. A. S. Hewins of Dedham was elected a member.

Recalling the exhibition at the last meeting of specimens of the Japanese Diestrummena marmorata found in a greenhouse in Minnesota, Mr. S. H. Scudder read a portion of a letter since received from Prof. O. Lugger, in which he said they were found in the greenhouse at the University. "They came about three years ago and are still there, multiplying freely. They were first noticed in a shipment of plants from Florida, consisting mostly of the 'umbrella plant, which is I believe, a Japanese plant. . . . No Japanese plants were ever received directly at the greenhouse."

Mr. Scudder also called the Club's attention to a statement in Tutt's British Butterflies that there is not "a scintilla of actual evidence" to support the assertion that Anosia plexippus migrates southward in the autumn

in North America; whereas three specific cases are noted by Riley in his third Missouri Report, p. 151, and five others are reported in Scudder's Butterflies of the eastern United States, pp. 729, 730, 1083, in addition to references to those given by Riley.

The rest of the evening was given to informal conversation.

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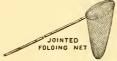
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